

English and Literacy Home Learning Read and Respond Units Year 2 - Week 9





Provided with our compliments by the English and Literacy LPDS Team



Week Nine					
Year 2	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Focus theme:	Scissors by Allan Ahlberg	What is pink? by	On the Ning Nang	Chocolate Cake by	Re-watch and/or re-
Poetry Festival!		Christina Rossetti	Nong! by Spike Milligan	Michael Rosen	read <i>Chocolate Cake</i> by
	Read the poem Scissors				Michael Rosen using
This week you will	here:	Watch and listen to	Read the poem <i>On the</i>	With an adult, read	one/both links from
have the	https://childrens.poetrya	What is Pink? by the	Ning Nang Nong here:	together <i>Chocolate Cake</i>	yesterday. Look and
opportunity to read,	rchive.org/poem/scissors	Victorian poet Christina	https://childrens.poetry	by Michael Rosen:	listen out today for
perform and enjoy	L	Rossetti:	archive.org/poem/on-	https://www.uv.mx/per	actions and vocal noises
some entertaining	Now play the audio	https://www.youtube.c	the-ning-nang-nong/	sonal/jomartinez/files/2	that really help to bring
poems written by	recording of the poem as	om/watch?v=UMAwYN	Now, play the audio	011/08/Chocolate-	the poem alive!
famous poets.	read by Allan Ahlberg.	<u>XMHno</u>	recording of the poem	<u>Cake.pdf</u>	Return to look at your
Using your own	Make connections with		as read by Spike		plan for your own
experiences as	the poem. Discuss – Did	Listen again and pause	Milligan.	Now watch and enjoy	version based on your
inspiration, you'll	you enjoy the poem?	to jot down any new		Michael Rosen	chosen food. On your
innovate on some of	What is the role of the	words or phrases, e.g.	Discuss your child's	performing the poem	plan, jot down an action
these poems, using	narrator in the poem?	fountain's brink, barley	reaction to the poem –	here:	or noise that you too
them as models in	(teacher). What does the	bed, ripe, mellow.	they might be surprised	https://www.bbc.co.uk/	may want to include in a
order to write your	poem remind you of?	Discuss meanings, using	by the nonsense words!	bitesize/clips/zh43cdm	particular section, e.g.
own!	Does your teacher ever	a dictionary or Word	Some background	Make connections with	oooooommmm,
	sound like this?!	Hippo to help you.	information on Spike	the poem and compare	mmmmmm, nice.
When following		https://www.wordhipp	Milligan and his	the two versions.	Remember, you can
links online, parents	Rehearse reading the	o.com/	nonsense poetry can be	Discuss – What did you	create your own too!
should monitor that	poem aloud, as if you are	Discuss the ending of	found in the first two	think of the poem?	
children are	the teacher. Try to use as	the poem. (What is	paragraphs here:	Which version did you	Write your own version
remaining on that	much expression as you	orange? Why, an	About Spike Milligan	prefer? How were they	of the poem based on
page only and are	can. Don't forget to use	orange! Just an	https://childrens.poetry	similar/different? Did	your chosen food, using
keeping safe online.	facial expressions and	orange!) Why do you	archive.org/poet/spike-	the poem remind you of	your plan to help you.
	gestures too! You might	think Rossetti chose to	milligan/ (Note: Please	anything? Have you	Think carefully about
	start your reading very	use an orange instead	avoid clicking on +	ever craved a particular	how to sequence the
	calmly and then become	of something else that	Continue Reading tab as	type of food like Michael	events and phrases or
	gradually more	might be orange in	the content may not be	craved the chocolate	noises you may want to



exasperated when the				
scissors can'	t be found!			

In the poem, it is scissors that have been lost. What tends to get lost in your classroom? E.g. glue sticks, whiteboard pens, sharpeners, pen lids, rulers, jumpers etc.

Write your own version of the poem, based on what is commonly lost in vour classroom. You can use a combination of lines and phrases from the original poem with your own ideas and savings too! E.g. Nobody leave the room. Everyone listen to me. We had twenty brand new glue sticks this morning, And now there's only three!

Seventeen sets of glue sticks Disappeared from sight! Class monitors – we need

colour?

Today you are going to write your own version of What is Pink?
If you are able to, go on a nature walk with an adult around your garden or local area.
Act as a colour collector! What can you see that is each of the colours? What is each item/object doing? You may even wish to take a clip board or notepad out with you.

Write your poem using a similar structure to What is Pink? using ideas collected from your walk, e.g. Start with a question: What is yellow? Answer the question: The sun is yellow Describe the item or what it is doing: Light and bright and warm. Here is another

considered age appropriate).

Your first task today is to draw and label a picture of the Ning Nana Nona. What creatures and living things need to be included in your picture? (cows, monkeys, mice, trees). If you were to attach speech bubbles to the animals, what would they be saying? (Bong! BOO! Clang!) What other creatures or living things could you add? What might they be doing? What other noises might you hear? Remember it doesn't matter how ridiculous your ideas are – you can be as creative as you like! Colour your picture to make it as attractive as possible.

Now write some sentences to describe

cake in the poem?

Your child might comment that the piece resembles a story more than a poem and that during the performance piece, Rosen does not recite the poem exactly word for word. Use this opportunity to explain that some poems are not written in verse (free verse), do not need to rhyme, can vary in performance and can sometimes resemble more like the telling of a story!

Re-read the poem together, pausing frequently and summarising what is happening in each section, e.g. First of all, Rosen explains why he likes chocolate cake so much.
Then he wakes in the night thinking about the

chocolate cake.

use. You can use some of Michael Rosen's and some of your own.

Keep re-reading back through your poem to check it makes sense.

Perform your poem for your household, making sure you too use lots of actions and noises to bring your performance alive! You may even choose to film your performance to send to your teacher in school!



you to find them,		
We can stop here all		
night!		

Keep reading your poem out loud to hear the rhythm and check it makes sense. It doesn't have to rhyme providing it includes some entertaining phrases that your teacher might say!

Proof-read your poem to check for spelling and punctuation.

When you have finished, perform your poem to those in your household. If you are able to, record it and send it to your teacher at school to make them smile!

example:
What is green?
The hedgerows are
green,
Home to nesting
blackbirds and beautiful
butterflies.

Remember to finish each question with a question mark. Check your spelling and try to use some noun phrases and adjectives (describing words) to help your reader to 'see' what you saw on your walk.

Keep rehearsing your poem out loud as you write. Think carefully about how to finish your poem. You might choose to use the same finishing line as Rossetti with the orange!

Share your finished poem with your household and post a copy to school.

your version of the *Ning Nang Nong*. Remember to include details about all the living creatures that live there, the noises they make and what they do. You can use some adjectives (describing words) and include your own nonsense words too if you like!

Remember to read back through your work to check for spelling and punctuation. After that, he sneaks downstairs to eat the remaining cake, etc.

You are now going to plan to write your own version of *Chocolate Cake*. First of all, you need to decide what food your poem is going to be about.

Now you are going to plan your poem. Think about the sequence (order) of your poem, e.g. why you like your chosen food so much, how you might wake in the night thinking about it, the act of sneaking downstairs into the kitchen, eating and enjoying it, etc.

Create a plan similar to a story map, including each of the different sections above. Talk your planned sequence through with an adult.



Additional activities:

Find out more about Allan Ahlberg here: https://childrens.poetryarchive.org/poet/allan-ahlberg/

If you enjoyed *On the Ning Nang Nong*, you might like *The Land of the Bumbly Boo*, also by Spike Milligan: https://childrens.poetryarchive.org/poem/the-land-of-the-bumbly-boo/

School themed poetry is the focus of *Please Mrs Butler* and *Heard it in the Playground*, both by Allan Ahlberg. Opening extracts for both can be viewed using the links below. (You will need to become a member of LoveReading4Kids. Membership is free.)

https://www.lovereading4kids.co.uk/book/3662/Please-Mrs-Butler-by-Allan-Ahlberg.html

https://www.lovereading4kids.co.uk/book/3295/Heard-It-In-The-Playground-by-Allan-Ahlberg.html